Attachment D

# SACRAMENTO AREA COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS STATE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE AND STATE OF GOOD REPAIR FUNDS

Audited Financial Statements and Compliance Report

June 30, 2022

## Audited Financial Statements and Compliance Report

June 30, 2022 and 2021

Audited Financial Statements

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Sacramento Area Council of Governments Sacramento, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds (the Funds) of the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds of SACOG as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of SACOG and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note B, the financial statements present only the State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of SACOG as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the changes in financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that

an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SACOG's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2022 on our consideration of SACOG's internal control over financial reporting related to the Funds and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters, and the Transportation Development Act. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on

To the Board of Directors Sacramento Area Council of Governments

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

the effectiveness of SACOG's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SACOG's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

November 16, 2022

## BALANCE SHEETS

## June 30, 2022 and 2021

	20	22	2021			
	State Transit	State of	State Transit	State of		
	Assistance	Good Repair	Assistance	Good Repair		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 14,091,533	\$ 7,644,382	\$ 6,194,426	\$ 5,269,332		
Due from other governments	6,775,430	656,196	4,670,790	639,557		
Interest receivable	48,068	24,811	26,809	16,346		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 20,915,031	\$ 8,325,389	\$ 10,892,025	\$ 5,925,235		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	\$ 14,336,916	\$ 412,823	\$ 5,682,213	\$ 969,066		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,336,916	412,823	5,682,213	969,066		
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted for public transit	6,578,115		5,209,812			
Restricted for public transit capital		7,912,566		4,956,169		
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	6,578,115	7,912,566	5,209,812	4,956,169		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 20,915,031	\$ 8,325,389	\$ 10,892,025	\$ 5,925,235		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### 2022 2021 State Transit State Transit State of State of Assistance Good Repair Assistance Good Repair Fund Fund Fund Fund REVENUES \$ 3,793,821 Sales and use taxes \$ 23,851,379 \$ 3,902,186 \$ 18,117,970 79,544 Change in estimate for disallowed claim Investment earnings (loss) (74, 981)(51, 843)7,467 16,024 TOTAL REVENUES 23,776,398 3,850,343 18,125,437 3,889,389 **EXPENDITURES** Current: **Transportation Claimants** Sacramento Regional Transit District 17,914,820 546,420 10,004,038 Yuba Sutter Transit Authority 30,000 1,603,756 1,341 966,676 472,453 City of Davis 760,978 130,619 134,280 City of Woodland 515,608 315,506 City of West Sacramento 461,163 282,114 County of Sacramento 331,946 214,200 57,185 Yolo County Transportation District 275,466 215,566 170,298 60,351 County of Yolo 256,123 163,268 City of Galt 219,419 138,616 City of Winters 61,788 38,813 City of Isleton 7,028 4,558 City of Elk Grove 987,994 256,749 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 22,408,095 893,946 13,758,534 538,565 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 1,368,303 2,956,397 4,366,903 3,350,824 5,209,812 Fund Balance at beginning of year 4,956,169 842,909 1,605,345 FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR 6,578,115 \$ 7,912,566 \$ 5,209,812 \$ 4,956,169 \$

#### For the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### NOTE A – ORGANIZATION

In 1979, the State Transit Assistance (STA) Fund was created under the Transportation Development Act to provide funding for transportation planning, public transportation, and community transit purposes as specified by the Legislature. Funds for the program are provided by the State from the statewide sales tax on motor vehicle fuel (gasoline) and use tax on diesel fuel. The funds are appropriated to the State Controller's Office and is then allocated by formula to each designated regional planning and programming agency. The formula allocates 50% of the funds based upon population of the region compared to the population of the State, and the remaining 50% is based upon transit operator revenues for the prior fiscal year compared with statewide transit operator revenues.

On April 28, 2017, Senate Bill (SB) 1 (Chapter 5, Statutes of 2017), the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017, was signed into law. SB 1 is referred to as the State of Good Repair (SGR) Program. SB 1 created a new Transportation Improvement Fee (Fee) on vehicle registrations due on or after January 1, 2018, a portion of which is provided to the California State Controller's Office for the SGR program. The fee is provided by Regional Transportation Planning Agencies (RTPAs) to eligible agencies under the STA Program formula pursuant to Public Utilities Code Section 99312.1 described in the first paragraph above. SGR fees are available for capital assistance to rehabilitate and modernize existing local transportation systems, including the purchase of new vehicles and the maintenance and rehabilitation of transit facilities and vehicles.

The Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG) is the RTPA designated by the Director of the Department of Transportation for the Sacramento Region, which includes the Counties of Sacramento, Sutter, Yolo and Yuba. The STA allocations for the Sacramento Region are deposited in this State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds. As an RTPA, SACOG is responsible for the allocation of the STA and SGR monies to the transit operators and claimants within its region.

The State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds, which are funds that SACOG administers, are held at the County of Sacramento for SACOG. The STA and SGR funds are to be used to provide transit operator or transit contract services within the four counties. Eligible claimants of the funds are the cities, counties, transit districts, consolidated transportation service agencies, and operators located or operating within the four counties.

## NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the STA and SGR Funds of SACOG have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>The Reporting Entity</u>: The financial statements are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only those transactions attributable to the STA and SGR Funds of SACOG. The STA and SGR Funds are included in the financial statements of SACOG.

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of SACOG are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of a specific governmental activity. Each fund is considered to be a major fund for purposes of these financial statements.

SACOG utilizes the special revenue fund type of the governmental fund group to account for the activities of the Funds. Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for a specific purpose.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. A special revenue fund is accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

## June 30, 2022 and 2021

## NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by special revenue funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which is generally six months.

Sales taxes are recognized as revenue when the appropriation becomes effective, which is in the same fiscal year as the sales taxes are collected by the State of California. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, which is when the amounts are allocated to jurisdictions.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is SACOG's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: Allocation is the division of available funds by population and/or operator revenue to jurisdictions within each county as required by the TDA. Once funds are allocated to a given jurisdiction, they are available only for allocation and payment to claimants for that jurisdiction upon the submission of a claim by a claimant for that jurisdiction and the approval of the claim by SACOG. Fund balance represents resources received that have not been allocated to a claimant and are restricted to future allocations and claims for public transportation projects under the TDA and SGR Program Guidelines. Negative fund balances are reported as unassigned fund balance.

<u>Expenditure Recognition</u>: STA revenues are allocated to eligible recipients and are available for claim based on recipient budgeted expenditures/expenses. As a result, all eligibility requirements are met and expenditures/due to other governments are recognized by SACOG for STA when the allocation is approved by SACOG. It is SACOG's policy to distribute SGR funds on a cost-reimbursement basis when eligible recipients incur the qualifying expenditures/expenses. Consequently, SACOG recognizes expenditures/due to other governments for SGR when the recipients incur the qualifying expenditures/expenses.

## NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investment policy: SACOG's investment policy may be found in the notes to SACOG's basic financial statements.

Investment in the County of Sacramento Investment Pool: The STA and SGR Funds' cash is held in the County of Sacramento Treasury. The County maintains an investment pool and allocates interest to the various funds based upon the average daily cash balances. Investments held in the County's investment pool are available on demand to SACOG and are stated at fair value. Information regarding fair value measurements of the County pool may be found in the notes to the County of Sacramento financial statements at www.finance.saccounty.gov/AuditorController on the Accounting and Financial Reporting page.

<u>Interest rate risk</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the weighted average maturity of the investments contained in the County of Sacramento investment pool was approximately 278 and 300 days, respectively.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County of Sacramento investment pool does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Custodial credit risk</u>: Custodial risk is the risk that the government will not be able to recover its deposits or the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect deposits or investment in securities through the use of government investment pools (such as the County of Sacramento investment pool).

#### NOTE D – DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due to other governments consisted of the following at June 30:

	20	2022 2022				
	State Transit	State of	State Transit	State of		
	Assistance	Good Repair	Assistance	Good Repair		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund		
Sacramento Regional Transit District	\$ 5,497,729	\$ 154,550	\$ 226,128	\$ 882,886		
City of Woodland	2,268,784		1,753,176			
City of West Sacramento	1,706,381		1,645,447			
Yuba Sutter Transit Authority	1,603,756	1,341	21,851			
County of Sacramento	1,195,481		871,509			
County of Yolo	959,753		816,741			
City of Davis	760,978	41,366	10,679	25,829		
Yolo County Transportation District	275,466	215,566	170,298	60,351		
City of Galt	52,213		138,616			
City of Winters	14,703		877			
City of Isleton	1,672		4,558			
City of Elk Grove			22,333			
	\$ 14,336,916	\$ 412,823	\$ 5,682,213	\$ 969,066		

#### NOTE E – STATE OF GOOD REPAIR DEADLINE FOR EXPENDITURE

SGR revenue is required to start being expended by recipient agencies within four years of the fiscal year of allocation and must be fully expended within eight years of the fiscal year of allocation under the SGR program Guidelines as follows:

FY of SGR Funding	Begin Expending SGR Funding	Fully Expend SGR Funding By
2017-18	July 1, 2021	June 30, 2025
2018-19	July 1, 2022	June 30, 2026
2019-20	July 1, 2023	June 30, 2027
2020-21	July 1, 2024	June 30, 2028
2021-22	July 1, 2025	June 30, 2029

#### NOTE F – CHANGE IN ESTIMATE

During 2021, Sacramento Regional Transit District (SRTD) revised its Fiscal Year 2019-20 claim for State of Good Repair funds to an amount lower than the original claim due to the California Department of Transportation

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### June 30, 2022 and 2021

#### NOTE F - CHANGE IN ESTIMATE (Continued)

(Caltrans) disallowing SRTD's originally approved claim once expenditures were submitted for reimbursement. Due to the change in estimate, the State of Good Repair Fund expenditures for SRTD at June 30, 2021 represent the net difference between the Fiscal Year 2020/21 claim and the disallowed Fiscal Year 2019/20 claim. The change in estimate of the SRTD State of Good Repair expenditures was computed as follows:

Revised Fiscal Year 2019/20 SRTD claim	\$ 1,332,793
Less: Original Fiscal Year 2019/20 SRTD claim	(2,577,561)
Difference – change in estimate	(1,244,768)
Fiscal Year 2020/21 SRTD claim	1,165,224
Net change in estimate	\$ (79,544)

The disallowed claim was first offset against the Fiscal Year 2020/21 claim, with the net difference between the Fiscal Year 2020/21 claim and the disallowed Fiscal Year 2019/20 claim is reported as revenue at June 30, 2021.

#### NOTE G – CONTINGENCIES

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) a pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the Fund's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, and impact on sales tax, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND DISBURSEMENTS – STATE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE

June 30, 2022 and 2021

California Code of Regulations, Subchapter 2.5, Article 5, Section 6751 related to the Transportation Development Act requires supplementary information for STA regarding fund balances maintained and expenditures made. No portion of the fund balance was apportioned to operators pursuant to Section 6721 of the Code as of June 30. The amounts allocated and expended for each of the allocation purposes specified in Sections 6730 and 6731 of the Code were as follows for the years ended June 30:

			2022			2021			
PUC				Undisbursed/			Undisbursed/		
Section	Purpose	Allocations	Disbursements	Unclaimed	Allocations	Disbursements	Unclaimed		
6730(a)	Public transportation system operating costs:								
	City of Elk Grove				\$ 987,994	\$ 965,661	\$ 22,333		
	Yuba Sutter Transit Authority				65,637	64,154	1,483		
					1,053,631	1,029,815	23,816		
6730(b)	Public transportation system								
	capital requirements:								
	Sacramento Regional Transit District	\$17,914,820	\$12,417,091	\$ 5,497,729	10,004,038	9,777,910	226,128		
	Yolo County Transportation District	275,466		275,466					
	City of Galt	219,419	167,206	52,213	138,616		138,616		
	City of Isleton	7,028	5,356	1,672	4,558		4,558		
	Yuba Sutter Transit Authority				901,039	880,671	20,368		
		18,416,733	12,589,653	5,827,080	11,048,251	10,658,581	389,670		
6731(b)	Contracted transportation services:								
	City of Woodland	515,608		515,608					
	City of Winters	50,255	47,085	3,170	38,813	37,936	877		
	City of Davis				472,453	461,774	10,679		
		565,863	47,085	518,778	511,266	499,710	11,556		
	Unclaimed current year apportionment:								
	Yuba Sutter Transit Authority	1,603,756		1,603,756					
	City of Davis	760,978		760,978					
	City of West Sacramento	461,163		461,163	282,114		282,114		
	County of Sacramento	331,946		331,946	214,200		214,200		
	County of Yolo	256,123		256,123	163,268		163,268		

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES – STATE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE (Continued)

			2022			2021	
PUC Section	Purpose	Allocations	Disbursements	Undisbursed/ Unclaimed	Allocations	Disbursements	Undisbursed/ Unclaimed
	City of Winters City of Woodland	\$ 11,533		\$ 11,533	\$ 315,506		\$ 315,506
	Yolo County Transportation District	3,425,499	·	3,425,499	170,298 1,145,386	·	170,298 1,145,386
	Total apportionment	\$22,408,095	\$12,636,738	9,771,357	\$13,758,534	\$12,188,106	1,570,428
	Unclaimed prior year apportionment: City of Woodland City of West Sacramento County of Sacramento County of Yolo Total unclaimed prior year apportionments			1,753,176 1,245,218 863,535 703,630 4,565,559			1,437,670 1,363,333 657,309 653,473 4,111,785
	Total due to other governments			\$14,336,916			\$ 5,682,213

## June 30, 2022 and 2021

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES – STATE OF GOOD REPAIR

## June 30, 2022 and 2021

The SGR amounts allocated and expended were as follows for the years ended June 30:

2022		2021			
Allocated	Expended	Unexpended	Allocated	Expended	Unexpended
\$ 2,645,372		\$ 2,645,372			
500,000	\$ 107,254	392,746			
			\$ 1,119,317	\$ 1,119,317	
			652,630		\$ 652,630
			454,590		454,590
			251,000		251,000
			195,702	45,907	149,795
			172,420		172,420
281,576		281,576	169,973		169,973
			75,000		75,000
			30,000	30,000	
275,675		275,675			
			215,058		215,058
			60,859	60,351	508
133,608		133,608	134,390	91,089	43,301
58,281		58,281	60,930	57,185	3,745
39,759		39,759	40,725		40,725
			281,036		281,036
3,934,271	107,254	3,827,017	3,913,630	1,403,849	2,509,781
676,109		676,109	676,109		676,109
215,058	215,058				
508	508				
	\$ 2,645,372 500,000 281,576 275,675 133,608 58,281 39,759 <u>3,934,271</u> 676,109 215,058	Allocated Expended   \$ 2,645,372 500,000 \$ 107,254   281,576 275,675 133,608   58,281 39,759 3,934,271 107,254   676,109 215,058 215,058	Allocated Expended Unexpended   \$ 2,645,372 \$ 2,645,372 \$ 2,645,372   500,000 \$ 107,254 \$ 2,645,372   281,576 281,576   281,576 281,576   275,675 275,675   133,608 133,608   58,281 58,281   39,759 39,759   3,934,271 107,254 3,827,017   676,109 215,058 215,058	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – SCHEDULE OF ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES – STATE TRANSIT ASSISTANCE (Continued)

## June 30, 2022 and 2021

		2022			2021	
	Allocated	Expended	Unexpended	Allocated	Expended	Unexpended
Sacramento Regional Transit District						·
Intelligence vehicle network upgrade	\$ 652,630		\$ 652,630			
Instrument house replacement	466,264	\$ 237,498	228,766		\$ (466,264) *	\$ 466,264
CNG equipment replacement	461,641	49,860	411,781		(461,641) *	461,641
Drive cams	454,590		454,590			
Replacement of bus fleet**	281,036		281,036			
Trapeze ops update	251,000		251,000			
CNG tank replacement	193,290	138,947	54,343		(193,290) *	193,290
Bus maintenance facility improvements	172,420		172,420			
Operations control center equipment replacement	149,795		149,795			
Facility roof replacement	70,019		70,019		(70,019) *	70,019
Facility elevator replacement	53,554	12,861	40,693		(53,554) *	53,554
Net amounts overclaimed*					79,544 *	
Yuba Sutter Transit Authority						
Next generation transit facility***	398,434		398,434			
Replacement of bus fleet***	151,681		151,681			
Surveillance system repairs	75,000	1,341	73,659			
City of Davis - Unitrans						
Maintenance of facilities	87,318	87,318		\$ 125,187	37,869	87,318
Bus stop improvements	43,301	43,301		5,322	5,322	
County of Sacramento						
Replacement of bus fleet	3,745		3,745			
Sacramento Area Council of Governments						
Connect Card***				339,417		339,417
City of Elk Grove						
Replacement of bus fleet				256,749	256,749	
Total Prior Fiscal Years	4,857,393	786,692	4,070,701	1,402,784	(865,284)	2,347,612
Total	\$ 8,791,664	\$ 893,946	\$ 7,897,718	\$ 5,316,414	\$ 538,565	\$ 4,857,393

\* Represents change in estimate for Sacramento Regional Transit District due to Caltrans disallowing the Fiscal Year 2019/20 claim as described in Note F.

\*\* The City of Elk Grove joined Sacramento Regional Transit District on July 1, 2021. As a result, all of Elk Grove's allocations were transferred to the District as of that date. \*\*\* In June 2022, the Board approved the transfer of SACOG's fiscal year 2017/18 through 2020/21 allocations to Yuba Sutter Transit Authority for future bus purchases and for the next generation transit facility.



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*, THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND STATE OF GOOD REPAIR PROGRAM GUIDELINES

To the Board of Directors Sacramento Area Council of Governments Sacramento, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair Funds (the Funds) of the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Funds' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 16, 2022.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered SACOG's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of SACOG's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of SACOG's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether SACOG's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Our audit was further made to determine that Transportation Development Act (TDA) funds allocated and received by SACOG were expended in conformance with the applicable statutes, rules and regulations of the TDA and Section 6751 of the California Code of Regulations. We also tested the receipt and appropriate expenditures of State of Good Repair (SGR) program funds, as presented in the supplementary information, in accordance with SGR Program Guidelines. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions

was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, the TDA and SGR program requirements.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and the TDA in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

November 16, 2022